

100% PES

SANDU





224.01-224.07
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Composition

	Weight	300 g/m ² ± 5%	
	Width	142 ± 3 cm	
	Type	woven fabric	
	Brand	upholstery fabric	
	Abrasion resistance PN-EN ISO 12947-2:2017-02	35 000 rubs	A
	Fuzzing and pilling PN-EN ISO 12945-2:2002	4	В
2 \$	Seam slippage PN-EN ISO 13936-2:2005	7 warp 6 weft	C
	Wet rubbing PN-EN ISO 105-X12:2016-08	4-5	A
	Dry rubbing PN-EN ISO 105-X12:2016-08	5	A
.;·	Colour fastness to artificial light PN-EN ISO 105-B02:2014-11 metoda 2	6	A
	Cigarette test PN-EN 1021-1:2014-12		•

Maintenance















- 1. The level of Cleanaboo and Cleanaboo+ protection can decrease after each cleaning of the fabric, but the process does not affect the look.
- 2. Respective fabric batches may differ slightly in shade from the colours presented in the sampler.
- 3. Manufacturer is not liable for mechanical damage and such as may be attributable to the improper use and/or cleaning of the fabric.
- 4. Bobbling and pilling are caused by the properties of the fabric and impossible to avoid entirely. This is a natural process, which occurs as the fabric is used.
- 5. Due to friction against the fabric, colourants can migrate from darker to brighter fabrics.
- 6. Long-term exposure to sunlight can cause discolouration.
- 7. According to ISO 13936, the proper thickness of the bead is 33-35 of the stitching per 10 cm of the fabric with the minimum distance of the stitching from the edge of the fabric of at least 1.5 cm.
- It is assumed that depending on the type of fabric, resistance to abrasion within the scope of 2,000-4,000 Martindale cycles corresponds with the period of 1 year of the proper use of the fabric.